HOME RULE TRIUMPHS.

BUFFALO AND LANSINGBURG CHARTER RESTORATION BILLS PASSED.

THE PROMISES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY FULFILLED-INEFFECTUAL OPPOSITION BY DEMOCRATIC SENATORS-THE VOTE

WAS 20 TO 11.

FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNES Albany, Feb. 14.-The Republican party has kept its pledge. It promised the citizens of Buffalo, irrespective of party, that if it was intrusted with power in the Legislature it would restore to Buffalo the Home Rule rights which ere wrested from it a year ago by William F. Sheehan. The last and the chief of a series of Buffalo charter restoration bills, giving to Mayor Bishop the authority to appoint the Police Commissioners of Buffalo, was passed by the Senate o-day, as it had previously been passed by the Republican Assembly. The bill now goes to Governor Flower, who stands logically committed to sign it, having said before the November election that he should follow the advice of the representatives of Eric County.

Senator Cantor, the Democratic leader, and the other New-York Democrats disclosed their real attitude toward the Home Rule doctrine by voting against this bill. Moreover, all the other FOR NON-PARTISAN ELECTION BOARDS. Democrats except two, although the platforms of LEGISLATION MAKES GOOD PROGRESS IN THE the Democratic party yearly demand Home Rule for cities, voted with Senator Cantor against the bill. The two honorable exceptions were Senator Parker, of Albany, and Senator Bradley, the Independent Democrat from Brooklyn.

William F. Sheehan fought the bill until he was helpless to prevent its passage. When it was announced, Senator O'Sullivan presented an amendment providing that it should not go into effect until May 1, 1895. This, of course, ould leave the Sheehan commissioners in oftice until after the coming election.

Senator Saxton had resolved to push the bill to a vote to-day and to fight every proposed amendment. In this policy, he was ably seconded by Senator O'Connor. When the O'Sullivan amendment had been read, Senator Lamy, of Buffalo, attacked it.

"This amendment is not acceptable," he said, "since it would keep the present Police Commissioners in office. When we passed our present charter, it was unanimously supported by the citizens of Buffalo, irrespective of party. Hardly had it gone into operation before it was most basely amended. Now we seek to restore our charter to precisely the form in which it was before Mr. Sheehan mangled it. This bill has been here six weeks. It has been most thoroughly debated. Only one man from Buffalo has appeared here in opposition to this bill. I call upon the Democratic Senators here to support this measure. It is most emphatically a Home Rule measure. I am opposed to this amendment because the people of Buffalo are opposed to any amendment to it whatever."

Senator O'Sullivan, of New-York, who had evidently been primed by Sheehan, argued that Mayor Bishop ought not to have the authority to appoint the Police Commissioners for such a long period as six years. Senator Persons, of Eric County, made an im-passioned speech in behalf of the bill just as it

"Why did Mr. Sheehan have the original bill

why did Mr. Sheehan have the original bill passed taking away from Mayor Bishop his authority to name the Police Commissioners." he asked. "It was because he refused to name certain men who were suggested to him. In other words, Mr. Bishop proposed to act as Mayor of Buffalo. The people of Buffalo at bit of legislation. They demanded the restoration of their charter. We want no amendment to this bill of any description. Our police force has been used to aid one Democratic faction in Buffalo and to punish all other Democrats and the Republican party."

Senator Saxton followed with a vigorous speech in support of the bill. Speaking of the bill which deprived Mayor Bishop of his authority to name the Police Commissioners of Buffalo, he said: "It was passed at midnight here in Albany after only half an hour's consideration. It sprang upon the Legislature like a thief in the hight. It was vicious and absolutely indefensible legislation. I: was a violation of all the principles of political government. The people of Buffalo did not have a chance even to remonstrate against the bill. A Democratic faction obtained possession of the Police Department, and used its power relentlessly at the polis. There was a verdict at the polis, nevertheless, in Buffalo upon this invasion of the right of the city. Two Republican Senators and five Republican Assemblymen are here as the result unanimously to heed their request. I believe at least every Poullibran. Senators and five hardy and the refused to name certain men who were to the original bill with the did not have a chance even to remonstrate against the bill. A Democratic factor of the bill. A Democratic factor of the city. Two Republican Senators and five Republican Assemblymen are here as the result unanimously to heed their request. I believe at least every Poullibran. Senators and five having the care and the refused to human and the refused to him the did not have a chance even to refuse the commission of the right. It was a violation of all the refuse the refuse of the S rights of which we were robbed last spring. Restore to us our charter. I believe we ought unanimously to heed their request. I believe at least every Republican Senator should vote for this bill. The Republican party gave its pledge that it would pass this bill, and that pledge should be kept."

Senator McMahon, Democrat, suggested that the Constitutional Convention would give Buffel.

should be kept."

Senator McMahon, Democrat, suggested that the Constitutional Convention would give Buffalo and other cities their home rule rights.

Senator Bradley, Independent Democrat, moved that the bill should not go into effect until January 1, 1895. This would leave the Sheehan Police Commissioners in office until after the next election for Governor. All the Democrats, of course, voted for this amendment, and so also did Senator Owens, Republican, but it was defeated 13 to 13, the vote by which Mr. O'Sullivan's amendment was lost. The bill was then passed by a vote of 20 to 11, Senators Bradley and Parker, Democrats, voting with eighteen Republican Senators for the bill. Senator Coggeshall, Republican, was absent.

Mr. Chambers's three Lansingburg Charter Restoration bills were then taken up and passed without discussion, Senator Bradley voting for them and Senator Owens voting with the Democrats on two of them.

Senator Mullin called up his resolution empowering the Finance and Ways and Means committees to examine the State Commissions with a view to determining if they cannot be consolidated or abolished. A long discussion followed, the members of the minority alleging various reasons for their opposition. Many labor organizations have asked for the retention of the labor bureaus.

Senator O'Connor offered the resolution voted for by the Judiciary Committee yesterday, giving the committee power to examine witnesses.

Senator O'Connor offered the resolution voted for by the Judiciary Committee yesterday, giving the committee power to examine witnesses to find out whether there is any truth in the charges of bribery made in certain newspapers and complained of yesterday by the Lieutenant-Governor. Power was granted unanimously.

Mr. Sheffield's bill authorizing New-York City to make an appropriation for the Saciety for the

Mr. Sheffield's bill authorizing New to make an appropriation for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children was passed. Senator Saxton announced as the special committee to investigate the State Board of Health Senators Smelzer, Stapleton and O'Donnell.

SOME PROPOSED LEGISLATION. MR. ROBERTSON HAS A MEASURE TO ABATE

THE SOFT COAL NUISANCE. Albany, Feb. 14 (Special).-About 700 bills have been introduced in the Assembly so far this year, and there seems to be no cessation in the daily grist. To-day was no exception to the rule, and a large bundle was taken from the bill-box at the close of the

Robert P. Bush, of Chemung, gladdened the hearts missioned officers of the National Guard by sending in a measure which allows to each mounted commissioned officer \$50 a year toward paying for ed commissioned officer 800 a year toward paying for his uniform and equipments, and to each commis-sioned officer not mounted \$30. J. J. Rider put in a bill compelling Boards of Supervisors in counties where it has been voted to repay the money collected from drafted men to hire substitutes to appropriate the funds. The law now makes it discretionary with

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE. AN OLD TALE RETOLD.

It's about those next-to-the-finest Bedroom Suits. They're so good, we want to be SURE you know about them.

They're handsome enough for almost anybody; artistic designs, delicately hand-carved, Styles enough-no two alike. Woods enoughmahogany, oak, birch-all the best hard woods. Every piece generous in size: we never skimp there. Our own make-every part of every piece absolutely good. And they're inexpensive when you directly

"Buy of the Maker." GEO. C. FLINT CO.,

104, 106 AND 108 WEST 14TH ST.

Boards of Supervisors to do as they please after such

A vote has been taken.

Mr. McNamee, of Ulster, does not desire that the Factory Inspector law shall apply to boys of the age of fifteen years who work in the brick yards of his

Factory Inspector law shall apply to boys of the age of fifteen years who work in the brick yards of his district, and he has presented a bill making an exception in this case. "To Create a Larcan of Gas Fitting" is the title of one of Mr. Lawson's measures. The bill provides for the appointment of gas-fitting inspectors in the towns and cities of the State. If a bill introduced to-day by Mr. Cabill, of Brocklyn, should become a law it would please a good many happy people in the State, but it is doubtful if the measure was introduced with the intention of pasning it. It reduces the price of gas in all cities of the State to \$1 a thousand cubic feet.

Mr. Robertson, of New-York City, has introduced a measure which probabts the use of soft coal by the railroad companies whose trains run into the city. Mr. Robertson, in speaking of the bill, said: "The bill is the outcome of agitation that has been going on for years by the recidents of suburban towns and the people who reside along the avenues traversed by railroads using soft coal. The fumes of soft coal which permente the Hudson River tunnel have been for years a source of great annovance to people who are compelled to travel twice a day through the tunnel in order to go to and from their business. A delegation representing commuters on the Harlem, New-Haven and Hudson River railroads called on me recently and requested that I should aid them in their efforts to compel these roads to pay proper respect to their health and confort by assisting them in the passage of a bill to eliminate the cause of the trouble. In view of the fact that the New-York Board of Health has taken active measures to put a stop to the use of soft coal in factories in the heart of the city, it seems eminently proper and just that measures should be taken to rid all thoroughfares of the unhealthy olor caused by using soft coal, particularly when the smoke is closely confined and becomes part of the air one is obliged to breathe."

LOWER HOUSE AT ALBANY-WIDTH

OF WAGON TIRES.

Albany, Feb. 14.-A measure which has been desired by all of the best people of Albany County passed the Assembly this morning, much to the regret of some of the followers of D. Cady Herrick, The Assembly had nearly cleared off the day calendar when Mr. Ainsworth, the Republican leader, was recognized by the presiding officer. Mr. Alnsworth held in his hand a bill which, he said, was earnestly desired by all of the citizens of Albany County, who wished it to be passed right away. The reason for haste was that the spring elections were at hand and it was desired to have the provisions of the measure operative at that time. asked for ununimous consent to present the bill and for it to have a second and third reading at that time. There was apparently no objection to this and the bill was received. Then the cierk called the roll to determine whether or not there was objection to it. No one voted in the negative, so the second reading of the bill was ordered. Just Assemblymen Carroll and Brennan, two of Albany County's choicest representatives, made up their minds that they had not been consulted regarding the bill, and that they ought to object to it. It was too late, however, and the bill went to a third reading and was passed by an overwhelming it. It was too late, however, and the bill went to a third reading and was passed by an overwhelming yote. Three of the four Albany County men voted against it. The bill provides for the appointment of a non-partisan board of election inspectors for Albany. There are to be two Republicans and two Democrats, who are to be appointed by a commission consisting of the Mayor, president of the Board of Albany and a third member of the commission to be appointed by the two. The measure was also presented in the Senate, but it was objected to there and was sent to a committee.

Another important bill passed the Assembly this morning, and from there it went to the Senate, where it was immediately passed by a unanimous vote. This measure authorizes the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to set aside each year gaoon for the use of the Society for the Prevention of Crucity to Children, Ali of the local authorities in New-York Cliy are in favor of the measure, and it probably will receive the Governor's significant who had a the clerk announced the vote upon it, and Assemblyman Sheffield, who introduced it, saw to it that the bill was taken over 10 the Senate immediately thereafter.

Nearly an hour was taken up this morning by the Assembly in killing a bill introduced by Mr. Vacheron, of Queens County, allowing the width of the tires of wagons used in the counties. Mr. Howe, of Tioga, and Mr. Robblohs, of Alleghany, made the principal arguments against the bill, while Mr. Sulzer, the Lemocratic leader, skirmished for votes to strike out the enacting clause. This was done by an overwhelming vote, because members thought that it would be giving to boards of supervisors too much power if they were authorized to say just how wide the tires of one's wagon should be.

"DIDN'T GO FOR TO DO IT."

ing Clerk Kenyon from calling the name of Henry Wolfert in the McCarty contested-election case was granted, with a view to ascertaining whether the privileges of the Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had well as the state of the state of the senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Sixth Montal Line and Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Sixth Montal Line and Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had been encroached upon. Ex-Senator McCarren, Judge Clute and Clerk Kenyon were present as witnesses, while Judge County of the Senate had been encroached upon. T

Senator McCarren was then sworn. He testified to having served the injunction on Mr. Kenyon. He had received the papers from ex-Judge Isaac H. Maynard about ten minutes before he served them in Judge Clute's office. He gave the originals to Mr. Sheehan and left them with him. Mr. Maynard had not accompanied him to the Capitol. Mr. McCarren said he was neither a sheriff, under-sheriff nor marshal, whose business it was to serve papers.

McCarren said he was neither a sheriff, undersheriff nor marshal, whose business it was to serve papers.

Senator Levow-Was application made to anybody else before it was made to Judge Clute?

Mr. McCarren-No, sh.

In answer to Senator Saxton, Mr. McCarren said that the affidavit, order and bond had all been prepared before they went to Judge Clute's office, Judge Clute had read the order over before signing it. Ex-Judge Maynard had drawn the papers.

Galen R. Hitt said that he had been called in after the order was granted, and that on Saturday and so much of Sunday as would not keen them from church they had decided that the order was inproperly granted, and that it was an infringement by the Judiciary on the rights of the Legislature. The Senate had no right to summon a member of the judiciary before it, but, without waiving any of his rights, Judge Clute was present to answer any questions put to him.

Judge Clute was sworn, and in answer to the guestion whether he had any statement to make said: "Nothing, except that what I dist, I did believing it to be right, and when I came to the conflection was made. I was just going to draw a jury."

In answer to questions he said that he had read the papers and had asked to have their contents stated to him. He had asked Judge Maynard stated to him. He had asked Judge Maynard asked to have their contents stated to him. He had asked Judge Maynard asked to him that unless he could show authority for it he would vacuate the injunction. The hearing was adjourned until next Tuesday at 230 p. m.

In FAVOR OF UNSEATING GRAHAM.

IN FAVOR OF UNSEATING GRAHAM. Albany, Feb. 14 (Special).-Mr. Horton, the chairman of the Assembly Committee on Privileges and Elections, made the report of the majority of the committee in the Friday-Graham election case. The majority of the committee report in favor of unsenting Graham, who was elected by the Gravesend yote. A minority report was put in supporting Graham's claim to the seat. By general consent the reports of the majority and the minority members of the committee were made special orders for next Wednesday morning. reports of the majority and of the committee were mad Wednesday morning.

BILLS INTRODUCED IN THE SENATE. Albany, Feb. 14.-The following bills were intro-

duced in the Senate to-day:

By Senator Bradley, forbidding the sub-letting of public contracts in Brooklyn; also, providing that repairing of flagging and streets in New-York City and Brooklyn shall be done by day's work by citizens and residents; also, providing that firemen, inspectors and supervisors of the Department of Public Works in New-York City and Brooklyn must like Works in New-York City and Brooklyn must for per cent thereon.

By Senator Robertson, forbidding advertising in the cars of elevated railroads in New-York City.

RECEIVED THE GOVERNOR'S APPROVAL Albany, Feb. 14.-Governor Flower has signed Chapter 24, appropriating \$5,000 for strengthening the embankment of the canal near Schenectady; the embankment of the canal near Schenectady; Chapter 25, providing for the payment of \$20,000 to the New-York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, out of the New-York City Treasury. This last named haw was the first printed bill to come before the Governor, and he filed with the Secretary of State since the abolition of the engrossing process.

DISCUSSING A BOYCOTT BILL.

Albany, Feb. 14.—There was a large attendance of labor organization men before the Assembly Com-mittee on Codes this afternoon, when the Scanlon bill legalizing boycotting came up for a hearing. Charles J. Eissell, of Rochester, representing the Street Railway Association of the State, was the first speaker. He cited a number of cases where people had been punished under the provisions of the present law and he thought it right that they should be punished. The boycott was not an Ameri-can institution. Like a rank weed, it had sprung

Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder.



Thoroughly cleanses the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century. Sold Everywhere.

WILL REPORT TWO BALLOT MEASURES. REPUBLICAN MEMBERS OF THE JOINT JUDICIARY | breathing hard, and little hope can be had of his COMMITTEE REJECT THE PASTER BALLOT,

WHILE THE DEMOCRATS PAVOR IT. Albany, Feb. 14 (Special).—The sub-committee of the Judiciary Committees of the Senate and Assembly which had charge of drafting a new ballot bill, me which had charge of drafting a new ballot bill, me this evening in Assemblyman Sheffield's room a the Kenmore Hotel, and at midnight were still a work upon the bill. The Republican majority of the sub-committee determined to present a biankst ballot without the paster ballot, and with the parteriblems. This is substantially the measure prored by the City Club, of New-York. The Democratic members of the committee will report a big practically identical with that which the Republicans will agree upon with the exception of the paster ballot. Three per cent of the total value case at the last election will entatle any party to have its candidates named on the official ballot.

GOV, WERTS AIDING THE CONSPIRATORS

HOUSE COMMITTEES UNABLE TO GET POSSESSION OF BILLS-A DISORDERLY MEMBER.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 14 (Special). Governor George T. Werts did not appear at the Capitol to-day, and, as a consequence, Judge Cross, of the House Committee on Passed Bills did not receive those now in the closet in the Governor's chamber. It was expected that the clerk, Mr. Fox, would deliver the bills to the House, but even this was not done, and it was said that the Governor would not make the slightest effort to put the passed bills back into the committee's hands. The Democratic conspirators regard this as another means of embarrassing the Republicans, for, they say, if they cannot get pos session of the bills already passed. It will be neces sary for both houses to repass them before they can even claim them to be laws. The racetrack horde are especially delighted over this, because all the racetrack repealers and the repealers of the Crimes act are among those now in the Governor

those bills again or not," said Senator Voorhees, when it was suggested to him that the committee may never receive the bills left with the Governor,

DISAPPEARANCE OF A DETECTIVE.

HE VANISHED MUSTERIOUSLY ON MONDAY AND HAS NOT SINCE HEEN BEARD FROM. Inspector Williams and Captain Warts, of the I disappearance of Detective John F. Mitchell, of the Sixth Precinct. Mitchell has been missing under strange elecumstances since Monday morning, on Sunday night Mitchell arrested Louis Cohen, a liquor-store keeper, of No. 216 Canal-st., for viola-tion of the Excise law. He should have taken his prisoner to court on Monday morning, but he failed to put in an appearance and has been missing ever since. It appears that en Monday morning, before it was time for Mitchell to take his prisoner to court, he was sent out to investigate an alleged burgiary. He left the police station apparently all burgiary. Collad to return and me word has since.

right, but failed to return, and no word has sine been received from him.

The missing detective has been on the force since 1834, and has a good record. His friends an relatives have seen or heard notions of him and are extremely anxious as to his fate. Inspector Will-lams said yesterday that Captain Warts had noticed that Mitchell acted strangely at times, occasionally falling into a deep stopor.

AN ARTISTS DISASTROUS EXPERIMENT.

Ernest Marks, thirty-five years old, is an artist the big six-story tenement-house No. 20) West Ninety-eighth-st. Marks has been experimenting since boyhood with a method for glazing photo graphs. He became convinced on Tuesday night that he was at last about to solve the secret, and he sat up late to follow out his pet theory. Instead of solving the problem, he nearly blew himself to pieces, and gave a tremendous fright to the

The solution from which Marks hoped so much included alcohol, chloride of potash and other in-flammable ingredients. It was resting in an iron pot on a table, and Marks was examining it at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, when an explosion of the fluid smashed the Iron pot into atoms, and Marks, with his face and hands covered with fluid, which burned him like so much vitriol, was hurled to the other side of the room. The windows were smashed, and the sound of the explosion could be heard three blocks away.

The sounds had bardly died away before the frightened tenants began rushing from their apartments in their night robes. Down the stairs they poured pell-mell and into the street. Fathers and mothers dragged their children from their beds, and without waiting to dress, hurried to the street. A fire company was called to the spot, but Marks himself put out the incipent fire. He will probably recover, but he may be distigured. pot on a table, and Marks was examining it at 1

LIEUT. O'CONNELL ELECTED CAPTAIN. An election of a captain to command Company of the 69th Battailon was held last night at the armory, Seventh-st. and Third-ave. Lieut-nant John O'Connell, of Company I, was elected cap-tain, receiving fifty-two votes, and defeating his opponent, First-Lieutenant M. J. Speliman, of Company I, who got only one vote, After the election Captain-elect O'Connell invited the "boys" to a hotel at Tenth-st, and Third-ave., where he entertained them with good cheer.

INDIAN HARBOR VACHT CLUB ELECTION. The annual meeting of the Indian Harbor Yacht The annual meeting of the Indian Harbor Yacht Club was held last night at the offices of the South-ern Express Company, No. 12 West 25d-st. These officers were elected: Commodore, John Moller, sloop Nirvana; vice-commodore, M. F. Piant, cabin sloop Nirvana; vice-commodore, M. F. Piant, cabin cat Anemone; rear-commodore, William Osborn, sloop Crocodile; secretary, Louis R. Alberger; treasurer, Richard Ontwater; measurer, F. Bowne Jones; trustees, R. F. Downing, H. E. Doremus; Jones; trustees, R. F. Bowne Jones, E. T. Bird-Regatta Committee, F. Bowne Jones, E. T. Bird-sail and D. Malcolm Winne. The commodore appointed Edwin N. Doll, schooner Windward, fleet pointed Edwin N. Doll, schooner Windward, fleet captain, and Dr. W. H. Mitchell, fleet surgeon, captain, and Dr. W. H. captain, and Dr. W. captain, and Dr. W. J. captain, and Dr. W. captain, and Dr. W. J. captain, and Dr. W. captain, and Dr. Captain, and Dr. W. captain, and Dr. c

SERIOUS RESULTS OF A BOXING BOUT.

HARVARD STUDENT PROBABLY FATALLY INJURED BY A COMPANION-PRESIDENT ELIOT'S VIEWS ON ATHLETIC REFORM.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 14 (Special).-What promless to be a fatal accident occurred last night at the rooms of the Harvard Sparring Club. A. Foster, '85, of Jacksonville, Fla., was having a practice bout with A. H. j.inder, '95, of Boston. In the course of one of the rounds Linder received a terrific blow milway between the chin and enr, and fell senseless to the floor. Efforts to revive him were uncvalling Doctors and nurses were summoned, but in spite of all medical shill Linder remained unconscious all light, and has not yet come to his senses.

The news of the accident did not become widely known until this morning, when it was received with the greatest sorrow by the students. Linder is fairly well known in college. He is a member of the Pl Eta Society and secretary of the Sparring Club. Foster is even more widely known. He was the most promising candidate for quarterback on the eleven last year until taken III with pneumonia in the height of the football season. He was training to enter the sparring meeting of a Boston club on Saturday, and asked Linder to spar with him for practice. The bout was perfectly friendly, although the sparring was hard at times. Foster

though the sparring was hard at times. Foster seems to be inconsolable for the occurence. A great deal of sympathy is felt for him as well as grief for the injured man.

President Eliot has some sweeping reforms in a thieties to suggest in his next report, which is due within a few days. This morning, in one of the freshman lectures, the instructor read several passages from the report, and requested written opin-loan. The president's views were not fully given, but enough was read to enable one to form a pretty didnite view of what to expect. He suggests that freshman inter-collectate contests he forbidden at Harvard, and would limit the years which a man can play on a university team to one. He would go still further, and decree that inter-collegiate contests in any one sport be allowed only once in two years. These radical recomendations that nothing but harsh criticisms from the under-graduates. Not enough is known yet, however, to cause serious discussion, but a little sensation is expected when the full report is given out to the public.

RAILEGAD INTERESTS.

ITS CHICAGO TITLES NOT DEFECTIVE. A story was published yesterday, but not in The covered in the titles to property held in Chicago by the Chicago and Northern Pacific Railroad, The statement was denied yesterday, J. Edward Sim-mons, chairman of the Bondholders' Committee of story was entirely without foundation. The sub-

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 14.-In the United ently filed by Albert C. Hall, surviving trustee of the first mortgage bondholders of the Frankfort and Southeastern Halfmad, to show cause why a recover should not be appointed, was taken up by Judge Severous. The camplanants were represented by William Alden Smith, of this city, and John C. Goombs, of Boston, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New-York by Brown & Geldes, the Central Trust Company of New-York and Post, Martin & Co., of New-York, by Swayne, Swayne & Haynes, the Craig Shipbuliding Company, of Tolelo, by E. W. Tolleston, and the Tolelo, Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan Railmoad and Wellington R Burt, receiver by Augustus L. Smith, general counsel of the Tolelo. At the end of argument by the counsel Judge Severons ordered that W. R. Burt act as receiver of both the Tolelo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan and the Frankfort and Southeastern companies, but that he keep the accounts separate.

TO TEST THE LEGALITY OF THE LEASE. Hoston, Feb. 14. Representatives of a number of Boston merchants have retained ex-Attorney-General Pillsbury to appear before Attorney-General Knowlton on the order introduced by Senator Fitzgerald, of Boston, questioning the legality of the lease of the Old Colony to the New-York, New-Haven and Hartford road, and file briefs contesting

THE METROPOLITAN CLUBHOUSE OPENING. It has been reported that the Metropolitan Club yould move into its new clubbouse in Fifth-ave. at Sixtleth-st, on Washington's Hirthday, Superintendent Callaghan said to a Tribune reporter that intendent Calaghan said to a trisine the formal opening of the new clublouse to March I. The first governors' meeting will be held in the new clublouse on the evening of February 20, and a dinner has been arranged for the governors on that occasion. A card invitation to friends of members of the cub for inspecting the new building, it is expected, will be issued soon.

CLOSE OF THE LEXINGTON SALES. Lexington, Ky., Feb. 14 (Special). Trotters sold after disposing of 113 head for \$21,115. The two their stock on account of attacaments being issued for the money in the salesmen's hands. "Ed" Odell, of New-York, bought privately to-day, of Darnaby & Madara, of this city, the three-year-old bay colt Albert King, by King Nutwood, dam Winsoria by Voucher Second, dam Mattle Windsor, the dam of Queen Nutwood; price \$1,000.



Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others, and enjoy more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles

to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy. Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectially cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them, and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c. and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

PLAY RESUMED IN THE CHESS MATCHES. ALBIN AND SHOWALTER WIN FROM DELMAR

AND HODGES. Play in the two matches was resumed at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, when Albin defeated Delmar and Showalter administered a second defeat to Hodges. The latter was beaten in a French defence, while Delmar had the worst of a Hangarian defence against Albin.
Here follow the games:
SECOND GAME-HUNGARIAN DEFENCE.

BLACK. Delmar, P-K4 Kt-QB3 R-K2 Kt-H3 P-Q3 P-QE3 B-K3 10 P x P 11 Rt—113 12 Castles 13 P—0.5 14 P x P NOTES BY ALBIN.

(a) White develops his game like a Glucco plane.(b) This seems the best continuation. (c) Under the conditions a desirable exchange (d) Weak. White takes the best possible advantage (e) The move prohibits Black's intended forward move-

Rt 4 Castless Q3 1-Q154 CB3 1-R R3 (c) B3 1-R R3 (c) Stless R5 (c) R-K 2B3 R5 (c) R1-Q5 R5 (c) R5 (c) R1-Q5 R 20 Kt - K 6 ch K - K t 3 31 Kt x R K x I; 32 R x B K - B 3 33 P - K Kt 4 R - Q B 34 P - Q B 3 Resigns 1 hr. 40 mia. 1 hr. 57 mis

NOTES BY SHOWALTER AND HODGES. (a) P-K 5 is strong here and much in favor a

(b) Q Kt-Q 2 is possibly stronger than the text move (c) White threatens 11, B x P ch, K x B; 12, Q-R.
5 ch, K-R; 13, Kt-Kt 5, and black must give up the Q
or be mated in five moves. However, instead of advanc-

(d) To prevent the threatening the exchange of Kt for B. (e) A strong part of the Q. Black cannot now free his game by advancing the K B P, as there would follow: 15, P x P, R x P; 16, Kt x P, P x Kt; 17, Q x Q P ch.

(f) 1 fe cest fines the first first

(h) The text move loses time fatally

(i) The Kt must return again to Q 5, as he cannot play White plays very finely throughout.

black's only hope lies in P-Q5, but even that is in-(k) The game is now hopeless.

OBITUARY.

EDWARD ROBINSON.

Edward Robinson, who died yesterday, from paralysis of the lungs, at his home, No. 367 West Fifty-sixth-st., was born in Eoston in 1836. He was the son of Dr. Edward Robinson, author of "Biblical Researches in Palestine," and for many years a professor in Union Theological Seminary, and of Mrs. Therese Robinson, who is known by her writings under the pen name of "Talvi." In 18.5 Mr. Robinson was graduated from the New York University. He then read law in the office of Tracy, Noyes & Tailmadge, and was admitted to the bar in 1857. While reading law he also served on the city staff of "The New-York Times," and took an active part in politics. In the fall of 1882, he joined the army as a volunteer and served two years. At different times he was on the staffs of denerals Stobel and Asbotte, and later served as assistant adjutant-general under General Carl Schurz. He resigned in 1881, with the rank of brevet major. Mr. Robinson then spent two years in Europe. Upon his teturn here in 1886, he was appointed Consul to Strasburg, and three years later to Hamburg, where he remained until 1876. He then resigned and returned to this country to resume the practice of his profession.

In 1872 Mr. Robinson married in Germany Miss. Emma Weismann, a daughter of William Weismann, a banker of Frankfort-on-the-Main. Mrs. Robinson died in 1885. He leaves a daughter and two sons. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon from the house. The burial will be in Greenwood. took an active part in politics. In the fail of 1862

DANIEL B. DYER.

Abington, Mass., Feb. 14.—Daniel B. Dyer, Abingeighty-two years. He was a generous giver to the institutions of the fown. He amassed his fortune as a member of the firm of John Monroe & Co.. bankers, with headquarters in Paris. Mr. Dyer was born in Abington, and, after a public school and business education, entered the firm, and was transferred to the house in Paris. For the last thirty years he had been interested in several banking institutions in Boston. He took little part in poli-tics, and never held any public office. Mr. Dyer had never married, but leaves five nieces and two nephews. While living in Paris Mr. Dyer saw the French

While living in Paris Mr. Dyer saw the Freinanton pass from a monarchy to a republic, from a republic to a monarchy and from a monarchy to a republic again. He was present at the ball given by Louis Napoleon, then President of the Republic, the night before the "nephew of his uncle" made the coup d'etat which resulted in the founding of the Second Empire. He was one of the Americans present at the grand ceremonies attending the accession of Queen Victoria to the British throne.

J. S. CARVELL Charlottetown, P. E. I., Feb. 14.-J. S. Carvell, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Prince Edward's Island, died suddenly early this morning, aged eighty-one years.

OLIVER STAHLNECKER.

Oliver Stablnecker died at his bome at Yonkers yesterday after an illness of two months. He was born in Cayuga, October 10, 1824. He was in bustness first in Aibure and afterward in this ci where he was head of O. Stahlnecker & Co., a a member of the Produce Exchange. He had liv in Yonkers for twelve years and was the fath of William G. Stahlnecker, former Congressin from Yonkers.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Feb. 11 (Special).-The Rev. William James Blain died yesterday at Esperance aged sixty-nine. He was born at Malta, N. Y., and was a son of the Rev. William Blain. He spen younger days at Montgomery, N. Y., where his father was a Presbyterian minister for twenty seven years. He attended Union College and Prince ton Seminary, and entered the ministry of the Presbyterian Church in 1819, his first charge being at Bethel, N. Y. He also had charge of the Pres-Presbyterian Church at Amsterdam, and of the Presbyterian Church at Tribe's Hill,

Presbyterian Church at Amsterdam, and of the Presbyterian Church at Tribe's Hill.

Denver, Feb. 14.—William J. Sharman, one of the most prominent lawyers of this city, died at the Albany Hotel Monday night of pneumonia. He lived in St. Louis for many years, where he was a partner of Gen. John A. Noble, ex-Secretary of the Interior.

Kingston, N. Y. Feb. 14.—Edmund S. Wood, a member of the Uister County bar, died to-day in this city, aged forty-eight. He was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1899, and later was professor of Greek at Cooperstown Seminary. He was born in Winchester, N. H.

Saratoga, N. Y., Feb. 14.—The Rev. Joseph Grein, of the Redemptorist order, and a professor in St. Clement's College, died this morning from pneumonia. He was twenty-six years old.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Nicholas J. Becker, who had been prominently identified with the Methodist Church for years, died to-day, aged seventy-two. He was born in Schoharle County, and had been a resident of Amsterdam for more than thirty years. He leaves four daughters and three sons. One of his sons is Deputy State Engineer Frank R. Becker.

Johnstown, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Peter Dingman, one of the oldest residents of Fulton County, died yesterday. Mr. Dingman was ninety-nine years of age. He is survived by a daughter.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Myra Bradwell, editor of "Legal News," and the first female lawyer admitted to the bar of Illinols, died at noon to-day, aged sixty-three.

THE POLLARD-BRECKINRIDGE CASE. Chicago, Feb. 14.-A dispatch to "The Tribune

from Lexington, Ky., says: "Miss Madeline Pollard will arrive here to-day, and the taking of depositions in the Pollard-Breckinridge case will begin on Thursday morning. Seventy witnesses have been summoned, and Mass Pollard will attempt to substantiate the charges made in her suit. Colonel Breckinridge will introduce a score or more of witnesses in rebuttal. The proceedings will take up several days."

THE VIRGINIA DEBT SETTLEMENT. Richmond, Va., Feb. 14.-The State Senate refused to-day to order to their engrossment the Wickham resolutions looking to the settlement of West Vir. 365 Canal st., New York.

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After May 1st rent will include MESSENGER SERVICE. There will also be TELEGRAPH and TELEPHONE OFFICES in the Main Hallway.

For particulars apply to H. S. BEATs TIE, Treasurer, or to the JANITOR, at the CABLE BUILDING, Nos. 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, and 621 BROAD-WAY, and 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, and 188 Mercer St., New York City.

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THERE are 40,000 families in and near New York who buy the LADIES' HOME JOURNAL. More than 700,000 copies sold throughout the country, each issue, in cities and

ginia's portion of the debt of the undivided State. The resolutions were antagonized on the ground that the settlement would be in the interest only of speculators. A motion to reconsider was passed, and the matter will come up again to-morrow.

STATE BOARD OF TRADE SUGGESTIONS, Albany, Feb. 14.-At the afternoon session of the State Board of Trade resolutions were adopted urging the necessary appropriations for the improvement of the State canals along the lines of the Seymour plan; favoring proper legislative measures to secure better roads; that a business enterprise conducted under a co-operative or corporate form should not be taxed at a higher rate than a like business conducted by an individual or firm.

A WOMAN DOCTOR TALKS TO WOMEN. The Professional Woman's League, as a body, should be in a particularly healthy condition, for it has two physicians constantly in attendance. One of these, Dr. Fannie Wallack Oakey, was on special duty yesterday, and the league listened to an in-

Dr. Oakey began with the history of the first Dr. Oakey began with the history of the first woman who braved opposition and entered a medical college, forty-six years ago-Dr. Elizabeth Blackwell-and continued with the experiences of the woman medical student as she has made a continual advance up to the present day. She gave some incidents of first cases, as told by young physicians, and spoke of the good influence exerted by women in a medical college. Another physician was present at the meeting who is about to join the learne.

CLOSING PRICES OF SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS. | CLOSING PRICES OF SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS. | Sat. Francisco, February 14, 1894. | Yesterday To-day. | Alta | 10 | 10 | Mexican | 1.40 | 1.5 | Mono | 0.5 | Mono |

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